## **Chronic Disease Indicators: Indicator Definition**



## Heavy drinking among adult males aged >= 18 years

Category: Tobacco and Alcohol

Demographic Group: Resident males aged >=18 years.

Numerator: Male respondents aged >=18 years who report an average daily alcohol consumption of >2 drinks.

Denominator: Male respondents aged >=18 years who report a specific number, including zero, for the average

number of daily drinks (excluding unknowns and refusals).

Measures of Frequency: Annual prevalence — crude and age-adjusted (standardized by the direct method to the year

2000 standard U.S. population, distribution 9\*) — with 95% confidence interval.

Time Period of Case

Definition:

Average day.

Background: In 2003, a total of 6.9% of adult men reported an average daily consumption of >2 alcoholic drinks.

Significance: Approximately 85,000 deaths each year in the United States are attributed to alcohol abuse. Alcohol

abuse is strongly associated with injuries, violence, chronic liver disease, and risk of other acute and

chronic health effects.

Limitations of Indicator: The indicator does not convey the specific amount of alcohol consumed.

Data Resources: Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System (BRFSS).

http://www.cdc.gov/alcohol/surveillance.htm

Limitations of Data

Resources:

As with all self-reported sample surveys, BRFSS data might be subject to systematic error resulting from noncoverage (e.g., lower telephone coverage among populations of low socioeconomic status),

nonresponse (e.g., refusal to participate in the survey or to answer specific questions), or

measurement (e.g., social desirability or recall bias).

Healthy People 2010

Objectives:

26-13: Reduce the proportion of adults who exceed the guidelines for low-risk drinking. (26-13a is

specific for females; 26-13b is specific for males.)

<sup>\*</sup> See Klein RJ, Schoenborn CA. Age adjustment using the 2000 projected U.S. population. Hyattsville, MD: US Department of Health and Human Services, CDC, National Center for Health Statistics, 2001. Healthy people 2010 statistical notes, no. 20. http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/data/statnt/statnt20.pdf